

The Morgan Poll Review



By Michele Levine CEO of Roy Morgan Research

A delicate balance national security and domestic issues

clearly shown that the L-NP gains support when international issues and concerns over national security are on the minds of the Australian electorate. As

these issues move into the background, and more domestic issues come the fore, the ALP gains support. The

most recent Roy Morgan Political Issues Survey conducted in May showed the most important issues the electorate want the Federal Government to do something about were health (62 per cent) and education (55 per cent). Defence, including national security and war on terrorism, (21 per cent) was still a high priority for Australian electors, although mentioned less often than in December 2002 when 28 per cent of electors believed it was an issue the

Federal Government should do something about. It is important to note that in December 2002 when national security and defence issues were at their peak level of concern, domestic issues health and education dropped by around a

Since the fall of Iraq. the Morgan Poll has consistently shown a Federal election would be too close to call; the only exception being late May when the

he trend over the last few years has Governor-General resigned. At that time the ALP was clearly ahead (53 per cent vs 47 per cent). Amidst continuing questions, the electorate approached August with the major parties neck to neck - L-NP 50 per

> The overall high Consumer Confidence levels are currently driven by optimism about future economic conditions for Australia

> > cent to ALP 50 per cent on a two-party preferred basis.

> > The Morgan Poll is conducted by interviewing a nationwide sample of people face-to-face in their homes each weekend. Face-to-face interviewing has been shown to produce consistently more accurate measures of the electorate's voting intention.

> > The Morgan Poll results are substantially different to telephone polls, such as News

Limited's poll and The Age's poll which are showing stronger support for the L-NP.

Our experience has shown telephone polls to be more strongly influenced by the current media, and the results are

> often biased toward the Party receiving the most coverage on the day. electorate is reality more stable

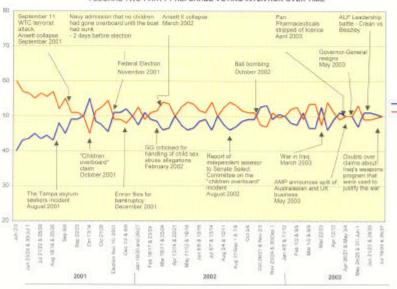
than these polls reflect.

Confidence in the economy among the electorate is still relatively high. The Roy Morgan Consumer Confidence Rating in July was 123.2 (20.4 points higher than the July average). This appears to be driven by low interest rates and the housing boom. In addition, the high Australian dollar also generally translates positively into consumer's confidence in the economy.

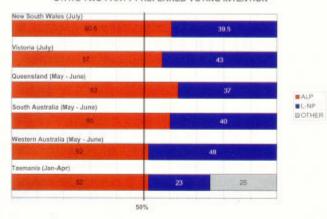
However, as companies reliant on

exports announce low profits and financial difficulties, Consumer Confidence will be put under pressure. This is particularly so if there is a flow through to job losses. Unemployment remains fairly despite slight increases the last three quarters. The Roy Morgan Unemployment Estimate for July at 8.2 per cent - up 0.2 per cent from the June 2003 Quarter. By including those people who are looking for work





STATE TWO-PARTY PREFERRED VOTING INTENTION



but did not actively seek work in the four weeks up to the end of the reference week, the Roy Morgan Unemployment Estimate presents a more accurate picture of the true state of unemployment in Australia than the Australian Bureau of Statistics Unemployment Estimate.

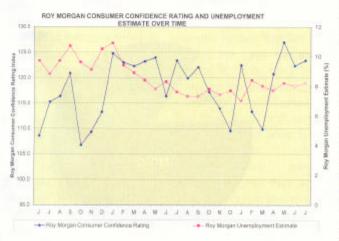
Looking at the bigger picture, the trend in unemployment has been down since the high levels of the latter part of 2001. However, the downward trend has flattened out, and there is some sign of a reversal.

The overall high Consumer Confidence levels are currently driven by optimism about future economic conditions for Australia. However, closer to home, the story is not so rosy. In July, for the first time in over a year, more people say they are now financially worse off (than better off) compared with last year (33 per cent worse off: 30 per cent better off). People's perception of their own economic condition has not been this low since just after the last Federal election.

This suggests a degree of fragility in the electorate.

The recent announcement that GDP in the US is growing at an anualised 2.4 per cent for the second quarter, against an expectation of 1.5 per cent, may be indicative that the US economy is on the mend. This would have a medium to longer term positive effect on the Australian economy, but will not necessarily mean an increase in Consumer Confidence as it may mean interest rates have to increase.

At the State level, where the issues of concern to consumers, ie health and education, are not competing for relevance with national security issues, all ALP Governments are enjoying majority support of their electorates. In most cases, the ALP lead is at a comfortable level – only in WA is support marginal.



Roy Morgan Political Issues Survey

Three Most Important Things The Federal Government Should Be Doing Something About (Unaided)

Doing Something About (Unaided)		Electors			
Summary Issues	Mar '01	Oct '01	Dec '02	May '03	
	%	%	%	%	
Health/ hospitals	n/a	n/a	n/a	55	
Medicare	n/a	n/a	n/a	10	
Total health	34	50	39	62	
Education/ schools	37	54	38	55	
National security	n/a	4	14	8	
Improve defence	n/a	9	8	8	
War on terrorism	n/a	3	8	5	
Other Defence	n/a	n/a	3	-	
Total defence/security	4	16	28	21	
Environment (general)	n/a	n/a	n/a	14	
Water conservation	n/a	n/a	n/a	5	
Total environment	11	9	14	17	
Unemployment	22	19	18	15	
Immigration	8	21	16	15	
Social welfare and the aged	27	23	19	11	
Law and order	10	9	8	9	
Taxation/lower taxes	3	4	6	6	
Tax reform	3	3	5	1	
Taxation/no GST	8	11	2	1	
Other taxation issues	1	1	2	-	
Total taxation	15	18	13	8	
Transport/ roads	8	5	6	7	
Economy and finance	15	7	5	7	
Housing/ homeless	1	1	1	4	
Industry and business	8	5	8	2	
Trade and foreign policy				2	
Trade and foreign policy Child and youth issues	6	6	6	2	
Child and youth issues	6	6	6	2	
Child and youth issues Family issues	6 5 3	6 4 2	6 5 3	2	
Child and youth issues Family issues Drugs and related issues Rural Australians / More support for	6	6	6	2	
Child and youth issues Family issues Drugs and related issues	6 5 3	6 4 2 5	6 5 3 2	2 2 2	
Child and youth issues Family issues Drugs and related issues Rural Australians / More support for farmers	6 5 3 11 3	6 4 2 5 2	6 5 3 2 -	2 2 2	
Child and youth issues Family issues Drugs and related issues Rural Australians / More support for farmers Superannuation / self-funded retirees	6 5 3 11 3 n/a	6 4 2 5 2 n/a	6 5 3 2 - n/a	2 2 2 2	
Child and youth issues Family issues Drugs and related issues Rural Australians / More support for farmers Superannuation / self-funded retirees Quality of Govt./politicians Aboriginal issues	6 5 3 11 3 n/a 6	6 4 2 5 2 n/a 3	6 5 3 2 - n/a 6	2 2 2 2 2	
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Not mentioned. * Less than 0.5%, n/a Not available.
 Multiple answers allowed.