

## CONSUMED BY CONSUMED BY CONSUMED BY

THE FAST THINKING INTERVIEW

Gary Morgan is the executive chairman of Roy Morgan,
Australia's largest independent research company, best known for
its weekly political polls and media research, two cornerstones
of a wider and deeper company than is broadly understood. The
company was founded in 1941 by his father Roy, and extended
significantly over past decades by Gary both geographically and
in service and product offerings. The combination of his activities
– international business, entrepreneurship, researcher and trends
commentator – provides him with a unique position from which
to view the world. In this exclusive interview, John Keeney,
Fast Thinking editor-in-chief, examines the known and littleknown facets of the man and his company.

... the area of health needs much more research ... there isn't enough data. and we need more. Health is an area which is insufficiently explored and is crying out for more ...

FAST THINKING When you do work for an individual company, is this based just on the provision of research data or do you provide subsequent consulting services?

GARY MORGAN We see ourselves as active interpreters of data, so we do advise clients in the use and meaning of data - but let me stress that all judgments made are done so on hard data, not theorising, not over-extrapolating.

Though in a number of your addresses and in some of your writings you make what appear to be philosophical comments and opinions. Outside of the strict media data arena, vou've made statements such as "Australia as a nation has a remarkable degree of myopia" [the general non-response by citizens to Asian currency crisis, late 90s]. Do you then regard yourself and the company as engaged in social philosophy?

In such areas I think we would call ourselves social interpreters.

speak on such things as "Everyone knows the difference between right and wrong" or "housing affordability" or "the state of democracy in Russia", wouldn't you say you are marrying social and philosophical interpretation based on data? Or indeed philosophising without data? I am excluding entirely from this question the 'white as white' media data you produce - I am interested for example in your various papers and speeches which are less well known.

We have to differentiate

And yet, for exam-

ple, when you write and

entirely between a speech, or an address and the production and strict interpretation of hard data. Of course I hold opinions about some issues, which may transcend hard data. Take this mining tax for example. [Gary Morgan was among the first to speak out loudly on this issue which has now passed through a number of stages, and led, at least in part, to the undoing of a Prime Minister. Objecting to the mining tax is based on common sense - the notion of federally-mandated re-allocation of revenues belonging to one State, somewhat arbitrarily to other states is simply terrifying! Yes,

that's an opinion and I do

say, a well-founded one!

... higher immigration intakes have continually strengthened this country. Cultural differences provide different ways of looking at things, and the synthesis of these is generally superior.

So you accept the title, occasion, of social

No, let's leave it at interpreter and move on. Others can call it what

OK, are there areas that vou would like to examine, study or measure, which you haven't had opportunity to do so as

I think the area of health needs much more research. There are many issues such as women's health, cancer, mental health and others. There isn't enough data, and we need more. Health is an area which is insufficiently explored and is crying out for more

hard data!

Do you believe that the federal government should be engaging in more focussed research, and if so, in what areas?

What I think would be appropriate and enlightening is to find individual institutions which were able to fund specifically focused health research themselves.

This is a good, if perhaps idealistic view. But the central question remains, should, in your opinion, the federal government be engaged in more specific research on pointed topics?

Only if a benefit can be shown whereby they add to what the private sector is doing.

As an observer of business. and as a successful businessman yourself, you have commented to me that " managers need five years to genuinely learn their business". Can you elaborate? I sense you feel that there is perhaps too much impermanence or superficiality at top management level here and elsewhere.

This is a major problem, it is not limited to this country, but it certainly is present here. I believe that there is too much shortterm thinking generally. You can attribute this to a number of causes, including the demands of quarterly reporting in public companies.

Headhunters are continually seeking out individuals of quality and encouraging them to move on quickly to more lucrative positions. Headhunters get a fee for each move. company boards are full of 'lame 'duck' directors only interested in the fees they collect - a shocking situation. Look at the people on the boards of the companies; too many couldn't get a CEO job!

Consider the great Australian business leaders such as Frank Lowy. He has devoted his entire life to perfecting and understanding his particular business. How common is that? Think about the continual 'hands on' ethic of a Rupert Murdoch, now worldwide. What can be said of Murdoch is today he is still continually getting better at what he does.

What is one solution to this?

More people. I support the higher immigration intakes. It is something which has continually strengthened this country. I could use my own company as an example. We have a multicultural group of key staff, and they function together extremely well. We need more experienced cosmopolitan people. In our own case, I have observed that cultural differences provide different ways of looking at things, and the synthesis of these is generally

Looking at one of your it is a painstaking process; strongest and best known products, Single Source data. Why do you judge this superior to other methods?

In research, you cannot properly overlay one set of responses against another - it is out of context. There is a need to discover answers to a wide range of questions from a single person to achieve a true measurement of 'interaction' of activities? Put this another way - you cannot reliably link data from one source to another, you need data from a single respondent.

What is the most pleasurable or positive aspect of your daily work life?

... many industries are dominated by

one or two players, because Australia

is relatively small. The government

needs to look at mechanisms that

allow more active competition.

That's easy. It's coming to work and seeing a number of committed, experienced staff members at work, and seeing daily reports on our data that has produced information which nobody else has produced.

And the worst part of

It is, unquestionably, when I see or read about survey or poll results that I know are flawed or incomplete in some way, and yet published as reliable - it happens every day!

This begs the question as to your belief in the importance of transparent, understandable opinion polls in the role of a healthy democracy. What in your opinion is the importance of this in a democratic society?

People who publish public opinion polls must publish the exact question, sampling method details, where and when survey conducted, and make available the computer sheets of the results (data).

You've extended your entrepreneurial activity into gold mining. What is happening?

This is nothing new. We have had a company, Haoma, for more than 18 years, working with top people from the University of Melbourne, including Professor Peter Scales [University of Melbourne], and Hugh Morgan [ex-Western Mining), Edwin van Leeuwen [ex-BHP

Billiton] and others, trying to discover new methods on extraction of gold, silver, nickel, iron etc. Look at this piece of ore. [Morgan shows a rough grey quartz rock, as large as a tennis ball] Up to one per cent of its makeup is gold. Until now it has been impossible to extract the gold, but now we have perfected a process which can effectively retrieve the gold from

So, what advice would you give to aspiring entrepreneurs moving into

the ores I've shown you. A

real breakthrough.

very different!

What have been the most influential management books you have read?

I haven't read any. Maybe that's because I studied economics and mathematics and am consumed by

What, in your opinion is missing in Australian innovation and entrepreneurship? First there is too much

government control. Whatever else may be said of government, its role is clearly to create a fair, honest and open marketplace - that means true competition. Many industries are dominated by one or two players, because Australia is relatively small. The government needs to look at mechanisms that allow more active competition.

And you are the only

Largely, yes. I would say

that no one has done it

as consistently nor as

well as we have. To their

credit, Nielsen has done

some work in this area. It

should be understood that

it requires knowledge and

dollars, people need to be

rewarded for their efforts

which may take 2-3 hours

of a respondent's time.

You cannot gain this on a

superficial level; commit-

ment in accurately collect-

organisation doing this?

Morgan? The establishment of continuous public - being weekly - opinion poll. And I stress the word continuous. This is Australia's own, and through a company which is Australian-owned.

overseas markets? It is not easy - cultures are